A statue of the writer Aleksis Kivi, 1902). In the front of it, the National Theatre (Onni Tarjanne) 2 and, a few meters to the north, the Helsinki Central Library of Finland. The buildings of the University of Helsinki and the National Museum of Contemporary Art Kiasma (Steven Holl, 1998) and the Finnish National Opera and Ballet (Mikko Pulkkinen 2011), across the street the Parliament House (J.S. Sirén 1924-31) and the monument of President J.K. Paasikivi (Marko Kivistö, Ola Laiho and Marko Hakasalmi) and Finlandia Hall (Helge Lundström, 1937) which houses a moveable theatre - the Tennis Palace Art Museum. Nearby in Mikuonkatu, Helsinki Synagogue.

Kauppatorikatu 2 is straight ahead to the right, University of Helsinki and the Neoclassical Senate Building (Jussi Mäntynen 1970). To the right behind the block the Botanical Gardens of the University. To the left, the Olympic Stadium, statues of the long-distance runners Paavo Nurmi (Väino Aalto, 1929) and Lasse Viren (Terho Hakamies, 1933-51) and the Sports Museum. In front of the stadium, statues of the long-distance runners Eino Nurmi (Väinö Aalto, 1929) and Lasse Viren (Terho Hakamies, 1994).

To the right, the Helsinki Cathedral (Keijo Ström and Sonja Svärd, 1998) and the monument to those who fell in the Civil War of 1918 (Taisto Martiskainen, 1925) and Lasse Viren (Terho Hakamies, 1933-51) and the sports museum.

To the left, the Ateneum Art Museum (Theda-Theresia Tott 1887) which houses the largest collections of art in Finland.

The statue in the square depicts Runeberg, 1894). Aleksanterinkatu 2 is one of the city’s busiest shopping streets.

Mikonkatu 2 In the northern side of the square you see the Finnish National Theatre (Osmo Tamminiemi, 1892); to the left a statue of the writer Aleksis Kivi (Eva Löfdahl, 1933-51) and the Helsinki University School of Economics (Hugo Harmia 1950) and to the left Hanke School of Economics (Kurt Simberg, 1951-55).

Senaatintori 2 is the main entrance to the Helsinki Cathedral, and the monument to those who fell in the Civil War of 1918 (Taisto Martiskainen, 1925). Access to an HSL service point. At the intersection is the Central Railway Station (Eliel Saarinen, 1918). Underground shopping area and to the metro as well.

Kauppatorikatu 2 is straight ahead to the right, University of Helsinki and the Neoclassical Senate Building (J.S. Sirén 1924-31) and the monument of President J.K. Paasikivi (Marko Kivistö, Ola Laiho and Marko Hakasalmi) and Finlandia Hall (Helge Lundström, 1937) which houses a moveable theatre - the Tennis Palace Art Museum. Nearby in Mikuonkatu, Helsinki Synagogue.

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